

Alaska

S2302. Employment Characteristics of Families

Data Set: **2007 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates**

Survey: **American Community Survey**

NOTE. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see [Survey Methodology](#).

Subject	Total	Margin of Error	Families with own children under 18 years	Margin of Error
Families	162,345	+/-3,643	82,969	+/-3,268
EMPLOYMENT STATUS CHARACTERISTICS				
Married-couple families	122,261	+/-3,872	57,499	+/-2,919
Both husband and wife in labor force	59.4%	+/-2.0	63.1%	+/-2.8
Husband in labor force, wife not in labor force	23.2%	+/-1.7	30.4%	+/-2.7
Wife in labor force, husband not in labor force	6.3%	+/-0.9	4.0%	+/-1.0
Both husband and wife not in labor force	11.1%	+/-1.0	2.5%	+/-1.1
Other families	40,084	+/-2,828	25,470	+/-2,901
Female householder, no husband present	66.5%	+/-3.3	70.7%	+/-4.3
In labor force	50.9%	+/-3.3	60.2%	+/-4.5
Not in labor force	15.6%	+/-2.8	10.5%	+/-3.2
Male householder, no wife present	33.5%	+/-3.3	29.3%	+/-4.3
In labor force	29.3%	+/-3.2	26.9%	+/-4.2
Not in labor force	4.2%	+/-1.1	2.4%	+/-1.4
WORK STATUS CHARACTERISTICS				
Families	162,345	+/-3,643	82,969	+/-3,268
No workers in the past 12 months	7.3%	+/-0.7	2.9%	+/-1.0
1 worker in the past 12 months	28.2%	+/-1.8	35.0%	+/-2.5
2 or more workers in the past 12 months	64.5%	+/-1.7	62.1%	+/-2.7
Married-couple families	122,261	+/-3,872	57,499	+/-2,919
Householder worked full-time, year-round in the past 12 months	52.0%	+/-2.2	59.0%	+/-3.2
Spouse worked full-time, year-round in the past 12 months	24.8%	+/-2.0	25.5%	+/-2.7
Householder worked part-time or part-year in the past 12 months	32.9%	+/-2.1	34.5%	+/-2.9
Spouse worked part-time or part-year in the past 12 months	15.9%	+/-1.3	16.8%	+/-2.0
Householder did not work in the past 12 months	15.1%	+/-1.1	6.6%	+/-1.4
Spouse did not work in the past 12 months	7.7%	+/-0.7	0.7%	+/-0.5

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2007 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval

defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Notes:

·Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to [Labor Force Guidance](#).

·While the 2007 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2006 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities. The 2007 Puerto Rico Community Survey (PRCS) data generally reflect the December 2005 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in PRCS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

·Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available. Selected migration, earnings, and income data are not available for certain geographic areas due to problems with group quarters data collection and imputation. See [Errata Note #44](#) for details.

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